Historic Tax Law to Have Wide-Ranging Impact



Signed into law on December 22, 2017

- First major tax legislation in the U.S. since 1986
- Achieves many of the long-standing objectives of the Republican Party
- Passed along partisan lines:
 - Senate: 51 votes (every Rep) to 49 (every Dem)
 - House: 227 votes (every Rep) to 192 (every Dem minus 2 that did not vote)
- Truly a corporate tax reform:
 - Most significant changes relate to business taxation
 - Business tax changes are permanent (changes for individuals expire)





Corporate Tax Reforms Likely Boost Earnings and Free Cash Flow

	Old Tax Code	New Tax Code
Corporate Tax Rate	35%	21%
Treatment of Non- U.S. Earnings	Taxed at 35% Deferred until repatriated Worldwide system	One-time deemed repatriation - 15.5% for cash - 8% for illiquid assets
		Territorial system going forward
Asset Expense Recognition	Must be depreciated over several years	Can be fully deducted immediately (gradual phasedown after 2023)
Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT)	Companies pay their ordinary tax or 20%, whichever is higher	Eliminated
Interest Expense	Fully deductible	Limited to interest income plus 30% of adjusted taxable income

Source: Bloomberg https://www.bloomberg.com/graphics/2017-republican-tax-proposal/

